

generated January 2025

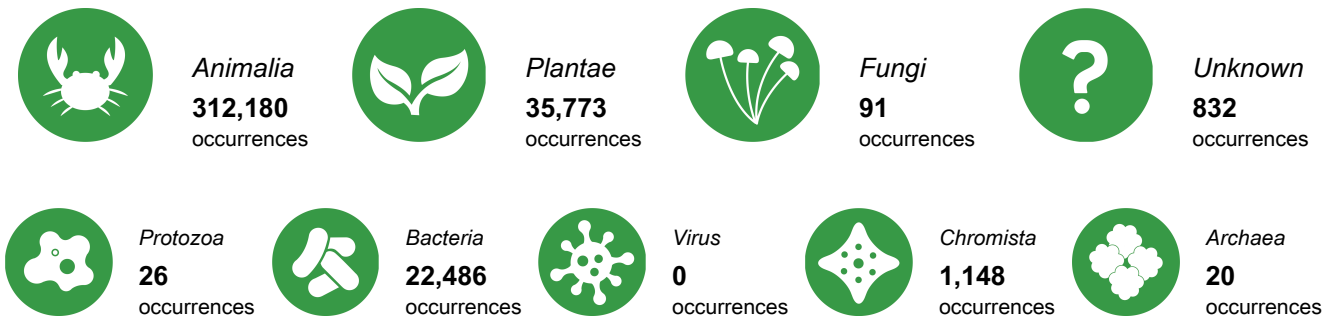
Curaçao

This report provides a series of summary charts, statistics and other details about the mobilization and use of open-access species data through the GBIF network, relating to users and participating institutions in Curaçao. These metrics show status at the time of report generation, unless otherwise noted. Taken together, the elements of this report can help guide and measure progress toward the information needs for biodiversity research, as well as for national commitments on biodiversity and sustainable development.

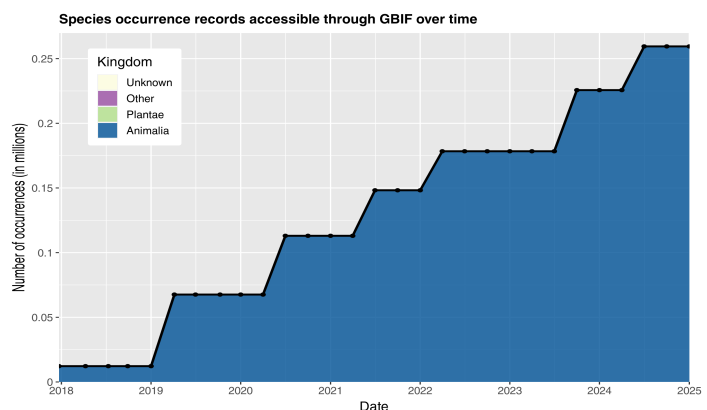
► Access and usage



► Data availability in Curaçao



► Data mobilization

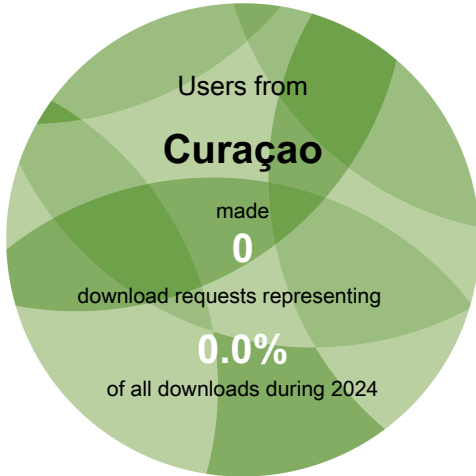


Number of records published by institutions in Curaçao, categorized by kingdom



Access and usage

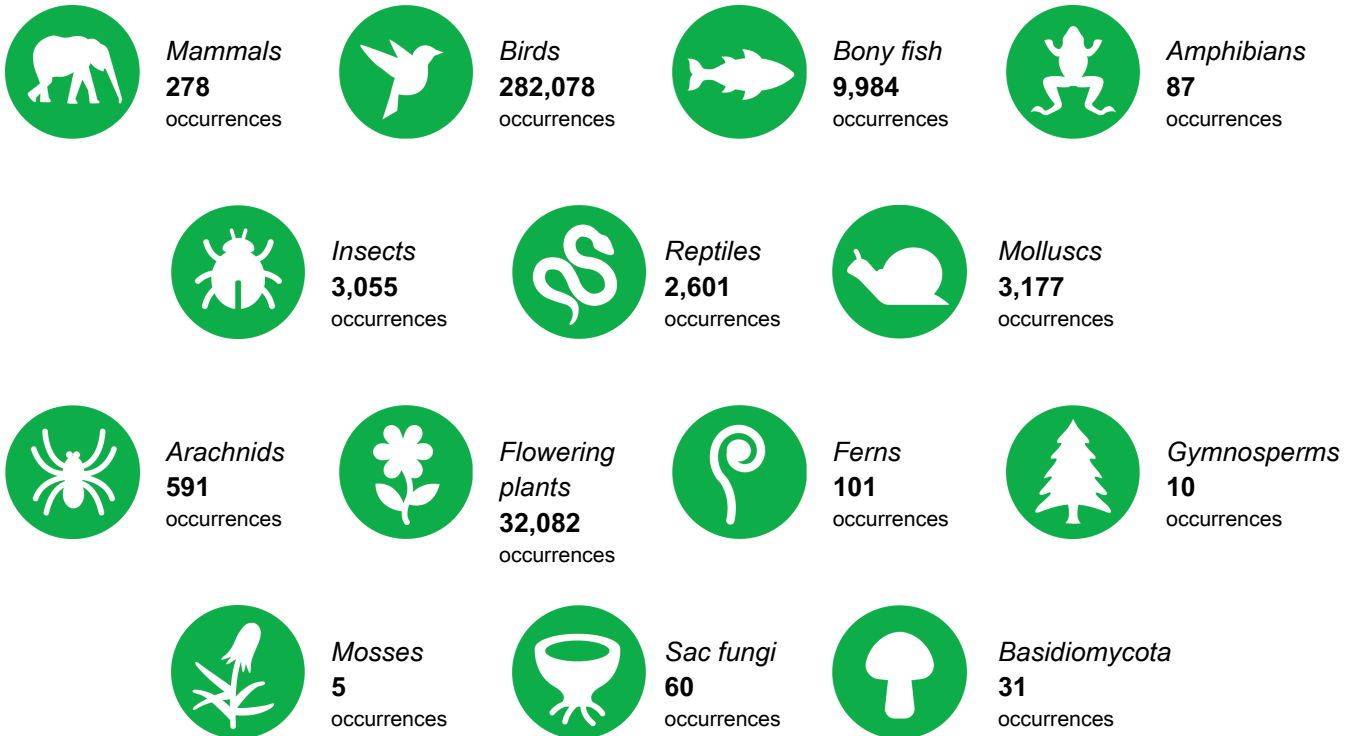
Data downloads on GBIF.org from users in Curaçao



Monthly downloads requested by users in Curaçao

Data availability

Total data available for selected taxonomic groups in Curaçao



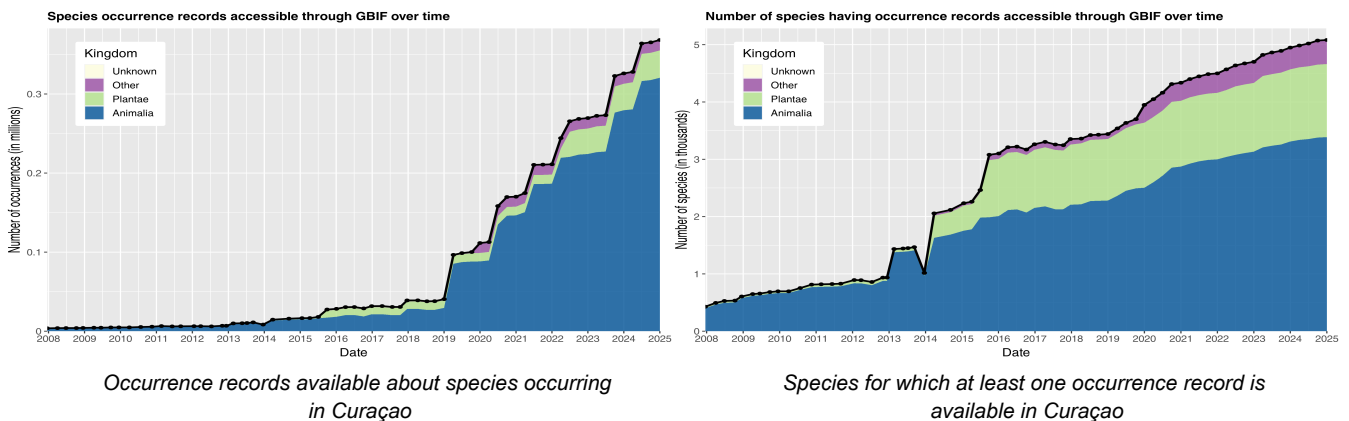
Mammals = Class *Mammalia*
 Birds = Class *Aves*
 Bony fish = Superclass
Osteichthyes p.p.
 Amphibians = Class *Amphibia*

Insects = Class *Insecta*
 Reptiles = Class *Testudines*,
Sphenodontia, *Squamata* &
Crocodylia
 Molluscs = Phylum *Mollusca*

Arachnids = Class *Arachnida*
 Flowering plants = Phylum
Magnoliophyta
 Gymnosperms = Superclass
Gymnospermae

Ferns = Phylum *Pteridophyta*
 Mosses = Phylum *Bryophyta*
 Sac fungi = Phylum *Ascomycota*
 Basidiomycota = Phylum
Basidiomycota

Change over time in records about biodiversity in Curaçao



WHY MIGHT THE AMOUNT OF MOBILIZED DATA DECREASE?

Datasets are sometimes removed by publishers, but more often decreases in the number of records are due to the removal of duplicate records and datasets.

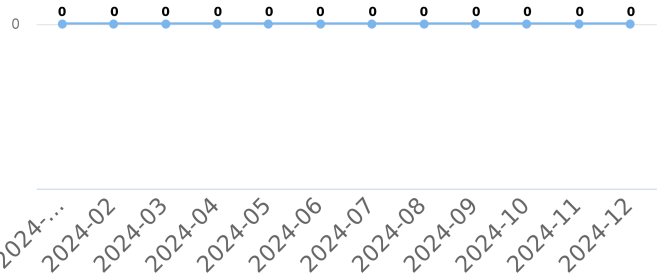
SPECIES COUNTS represent the number of binomial scientific names for which GBIF has received data records, organized as far as possible using synonyms recorded in key databases like the Catalogue of Life



Newest publishers from Curaçao

No data available

Occurrence records downloaded from GBIF.org, published by institutions in Curaçao

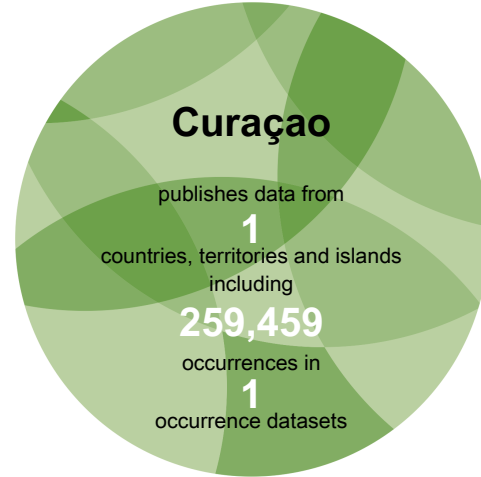
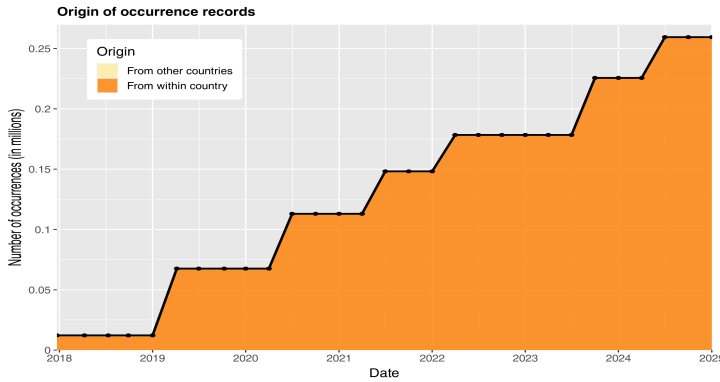


See all publishers from this country or area
gbif.org/publisher/search?country=CW

Number of occurrence records downloaded via GBIF.org published by institutions in Curaçao

Data mobilization

Data sharing with country or area of origin by national institutions in Curaçao



Data sharing with country or area of origin

The chart above shows the number of records shared over time by publishers within Curaçao, with separate colours for records about species occurring within undefined and those occurring elsewhere.

Top data contributors about biodiversity in Curaçao

Rank	Country or area	No. of occurrences
1	Curaçao	259,459
2	Netherlands	57,327
3	United States of America	25,669
4	United Kingdom	24,288
5	Venezuela	2,028
6	International organization or unknown country	1,055
7	Russian Federation	668
8	Canada	468
9	Germany	321
10	France	320

Top datasets contributing data about Curaçao

- EOD – eBird Observation Dataset. *259,459 occurrences in Curaçao.* (Last updated 27 Sep 2024)
- Observation.org, Nature data from around the World. *24,461 occurrences in Curaçao.* (Last updated 3 Jan 2025)
- Flora of the Dutch Caribbean Islands. *21,349 occurrences in Curaçao.* (Last updated 26 May 2022)
- CCA_pathobiome. *11,715 occurrences in Curaçao.* (Last updated 30 Sep 2022)
- Baselines Initiative 16S rRNA gene dataset: Baselines Amplicon Release 1 (R1) Caribbean Sea near Curacao (including saline pond samples in Curacao) 2015. *11,193 occurrences in Curaçao.* (Last updated 19 Feb 2020)

Table 1. Ranking of countries or areas contributing data about Curaçao

See all contributing countries and areas or datasets: gbif.org/country/CW/about