

## **Activity report**



generated January 2025

### **Ecuador**

This report provides a series of summary charts, statistics and other details about the mobilization and use of open-access species data through the GBIF network, relating to users and participating institutions in Ecuador. These metrics show status at the time of report generation, unless otherwise noted. Taken together, the elements of this report can help guide and measure progress toward the information needs for biodiversity research, as well as for national commitments on biodiversity and sustainable development.

#### ► Access and usage



#### ► Data availability in Ecuador



Animalia 10,540,190 occurrences



Plantae 1,557,298 occurrences



Fungi
36,865
occurrences



Unknown 31,936 occurrences



Protozoa
3,736
occurrences



Bacteria
2,521
occurrences



770 occurrences

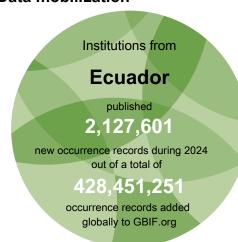


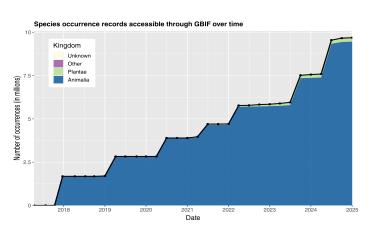
Chromista
24,038
occurrences



Archaea
76
occurrences

#### ► Data mobilization





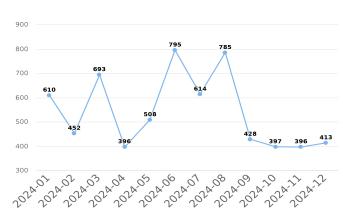
Number of records published by institutions in Ecuador, categorized by kingdom



#### Access and usage

#### Data downloads on GBIF.org from users in Ecuador





Monthly downloads requested by users in Ecuador

## Recent peer-reviewed articles using GBIF-mediated data by co-authors based in Ecuador

The GBIF Secretariat maintains and reports on an ongoing literature tracking programme, giving priority to substantive uses of GBIF-mediated data in peer-reviewed literature while identifying the countries or areas of the authors' institutional affiliations. The citations below represent the five most recent journal articles with at least one co-author from Ecuador.

Those interested in assisting the Secretariat in identifying additional peer-reviewed uses of GBIF-mediated data may forward relevant citations to comms@gbif.org.

Rosero-Erazo, Frey, Armijos-Arcos *et al.* (2024) Ecological Niche Modeling of Five Azorella Species in the High Andean Páramo Ecosystem of South America: Assessing Climate Change Impacts Until 2040. *Diversity.* 

https://doi.org/10.3390/d16120736

Navia, Alfaro-Shigueto, Ágreda-Arango *et al.* (2024) Unveiling Macroecological Patterns of Elasmobranchs in the Eastern Pacific Ocean. *Journal of Biogeography.* https://doi.org/10.1111/jbi.15037

Serrano-Rodríguez, Serrano Rodríguez, Ferrer-Sánchez *et al.* (2024) Prediction of environmental suitability for Haematoxylum campechianum: A proposal to promote reforestation in Mexico. *Global Ecology and Conservation.* 

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gecco.2024.e03293

Womersley, Sousa, Humphries *et al.* (2024) Climate-driven global redistribution of an ocean giant predicts increased threat from shipping. *Nature Climate Change*. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41558-024-02129-5

van der Kamp, Ortega-Andrade. (2024) Phylogeny, historical biogeography and climate niche differentiation in extant species of Ceratophryidae (Anura, Hyloidea) frogs in South America. *Frontiers of Biogeography.* 



#### **Data availability**

#### Total data available for selected taxonomic groups in Ecuador



Mammals 133,359 occurrences



Birds 9,448,989 occurrences



Bony fish **96,909** occurrences



Amphibians 191,205 occurrences



Insects
417,740
occurrences



Reptiles 103,974 occurrences



Molluscs 48,743 occurrences



Arachnids 24,362 occurrences



Flowering plants
1,355,467
occurrences



Ferns
102,148
occurrences



Gymnosperms
1,747
occurrences



Mosses 38,785 occurrences



Sac fungi 24,606 occurrences



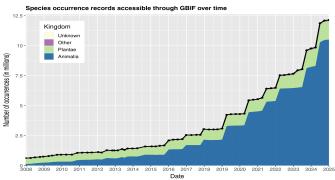
Basidiomycota 10,821 occurrences

Mammals = Class Mammalia Birds = Class Aves Bony fish = Superclass Osteichthyes p.p. Amphibians = Class Amphibia Insects = Class Insecta Reptiles = Class Testudines, Sphenodontia, Squamata & Crocodylia

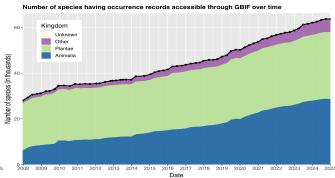
Molluscs = Phylum *Mollusca* 

Arachnids = Class Arachnida Flowering plants = Phylum Magnoliophyta Gymnosperms = Superclass Gymnospermae Ferns = Phylum *Pteridophyta*Mosses = Phylum *Bryophyta*Sac fungi = Phylum *Ascomycota*Basidiomycota = Phylum *Basidiomycota* 

#### Change over time in records about biodiversity in Ecuador



Occurrence records available about species occurring in Ecuador



Species for which at least one occurrence record is available in Ecuador

## WHY MIGHT THE AMOUNT OF MOBILIZED DATA DECREASE?

Datasets are sometimes removed by publishers, but more often decreases in the number of records are due to the removal of duplicate records and datasets.

**SPECIES COUNTS** represent the number of binomial scientific names for which GBIF has received data records, organized as far as possible using synonyms recorded in key databases like the Catalogue of Life



#### Most recent datasets from publishers in Ecuador

Colección de aves naturalizadas del MUBIO. *Published by Universidad Central del Ecuador* https://doi.org/10.60545/gpwgcs

ECOSISTEMAS, BIODIVERSIDAD Y CONSERVACIÓN DE ESPECIES, INVERTEBRADOS Y SUS INTERACCIONES. *Published by Universidad Estatal Amazónica* https://doi.org/10.60545/zxjuuh

Colección de Mastozoología - Museo de Zoología de la USFQ. *Published by Universidad San Francisco de Quito USFQ* 

https://doi.org/10.60545/fxmibg

Análisis de cobertura vegetal post-fuego en el páramo del Atacazo. *Published by Universidad Central del Ecuador* 

https://doi.org/10.60545/fvtu8f

Colección de Reptiles del Museo de Zoología QCAZ. Published by Pontificia Universidad Católica del Ecuador

https://doi.org/10.60545/a733ub

Colección de Anfibios del Museo de Zoología QCAZ. Published by Pontificia Universidad Católica del Ecuador

https://doi.org/10.60545/ejgu3c

See all datasets from this country or area: gbif.org/dataset/search?publishing\_country=EC

#### **Newest publishers from Ecuador**

Un poco del Chocó

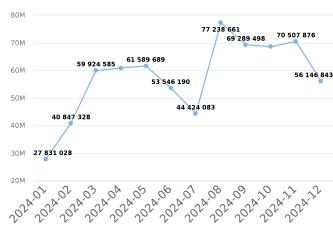
Corporación ECOPAR

Universidad Espíritu Santo - UEES

Universidad Nacional de Loja

Prefectura del Guayas

# Occurrence records downloaded from GBIF.org, published by institutions in Ecuador



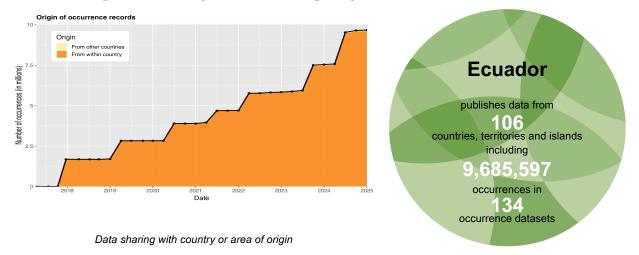
Number of occurrence records downloaded via GBIF.org published by institutions in Ecuador

See all publishers from this country or area gbif.org/publisher/search?country=EC



#### **Data mobilization**

Data sharing with country or area of origin by national institutions in Ecuador



The chart above shows the number of records shared over time by publishers within Ecuador, with separate colours for records about species occurring within undefined and those occurring elsewhere.

## Top data contributors about biodiversity in Ecuador

Rank	Country or area	No. of occurrences
1	Ecuador	9,621,197
2	United States of America	1,645,112
3	Denmark	158,951
4	International organization or unknown country	117,925
5	Netherlands	103,185
6	United Kingdom	97,016
7	Venezuela	93,524
8	Sweden	77,308
9	Germany	57,066
10	Poland	28,515

Table 1. Ranking of countries or areas contributing data about Ecuador

# Top datasets contributing data about Ecuador

EOD – eBird Observation Dataset. *9,065,016* occurrences in Ecuador. (Last updated 27 Sep 2024)

iNaturalist Research-grade Observations. 457,063 occurrences in Ecuador. (Last updated 30 Dec 2024)

Tropicos Specimens Non-MO. 402,344 occurrences in Ecuador. (Last updated 4 Jan 2025)

Tropicos MO Specimen Data. 262,717 occurrences in Ecuador. (Last updated 4 Jan 2025)

NMNH Extant Specimen Records (USNM, US). 132,801 occurrences in Ecuador. (Last updated 2 Jan 2025)



#### Ecuador participates in the following projects coordinated by GBIF

Improving the visibility of Latin American Natural Science Collections through a Global Collections Network Campaign

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2023–2024 https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2022-012

National portals addressing national challenges Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2023–2024 https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2023-010

Enhancing data publication, access and use capacities in the private sector Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2022–2024 https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2022-010

From shared experiences to shared knowledge and common solutions: collaborating to improve web-based tools in Latin America and the Caribbean

See all GBIF projects gbif.org/resource/search?contentType=project

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2020–2022
Participating nodes aim to incorporate shared best practices, protocols, tools and future road maps for representing the region's biodiversity richness and abundance <a href="https://www.gbif.org/project/4YJIFEvYJi5kfuUVzNcfYH">https://www.gbif.org/project/4YJIFEvYJi5kfuUVzNcfYH</a>