

## **Activity report**



generated January 2025

# **United States of America**

This report provides a series of summary charts, statistics and other details about the mobilization and use of open-access species data through the GBIF network, relating to users and participating institutions in United States of America. These metrics show status at the time of report generation, unless otherwise noted. Taken together, the elements of this report can help guide and measure progress toward the information needs for biodiversity research, as well as for national commitments on biodiversity and sustainable development.

### ► Access and usage



### ► Data availability in United States of America



Animalia 1,041,957,564 occurrences

Plantae 43,839,108 occurrences



Fungi 5,126,735 occurrences



Unknown 1,186,401 occurrences



Protozoa
355,672
occurrences



Bacteria
6,153,848
occurrences



Virus
231,126
occurrences



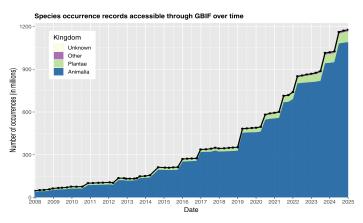
Chromista
1,973,649
occurrences



Archaea
93,167
occurrences

### ► Data mobilization



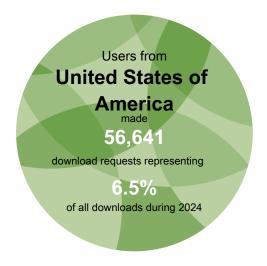


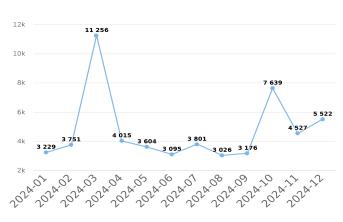
Number of records published by institutions in United States of America, categorized by kingdom



### Access and usage

### Data downloads on GBIF.org from users in United States of America





Monthly downloads requested by users in United States of America

# Recent peer-reviewed articles using GBIF-mediated data by co-authors based in United States of America

The GBIF Secretariat maintains and reports on an ongoing literature tracking programme, giving priority to substantive uses of GBIF-mediated data in peer-reviewed literature while identifying the countries or areas of the authors' institutional affiliations. The citations below represent the five most recent journal articles with at least one co-author from United States of America.

Those interested in assisting the Secretariat in identifying additional peer-reviewed uses of GBIF-mediated data may forward relevant citations to comms@gbif.org.

Jain, Cunha, Bunsen et al. (2024) Insect Identification in the Wild: The AMI Dataset. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Computer Vision – ECCV 2024.

https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-72913-3\_4

ANTÚNEZ-FONSECA, RAMOS-GALDAMEZ, SOLÍS *et al.* (2024) A new species of the genus Liotyphlops Peters, 1881 (Serpentes: Anomalepididae) from the Caribbean coast of Honduras. *Zootaxa.* 

https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.5543.1.5

Buckner, Hoge, Danforth. (2024) Forecasting the Effects of Global Change on a Bee Biodiversity Hotspot. *Ecology and Evolution*.

https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.70638

Du, Njenga, Mbuni *et al.* (2024) Diversity and conservation of medicinal plants in tropical East Africa. *Biodiversity and Conservation.* 

https://doi.org/10.1007/s10531-024-02983-x

Tulowiecki, LaDuke. (2024) Models reveal shifting distribution of climatic suitability for pawpaw (Asimina triloba [L.] Dunal) cultivation under future climate change scenarios. *Scientia Horticulturae*.

See all research from this country or area gbif.org/country/US/publications/from

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scienta.2024.113837



### **Data availability**

### Total data available for selected taxonomic groups in United States of America



Mammals 5,517,459 occurrences



Birds 971,579,514 occurrences



Bony fish 18,408,596 occurrences



Amphibians 2,448,902 occurrences



Insects
27,256,093
occurrences



Reptiles 3,021,428 occurrences



Molluscs 4,200,107 occurrences



Arachnids 1,577,848 occurrences



Flowering plants
38,806,788
occurrences



Ferns **1,305,594** occurrences



Gymnosperms 903,850 occurrences



Mosses 1,386,603 occurrences



Sac fungi 2,251,601 occurrences



Basidiomycota 2,753,267 occurrences

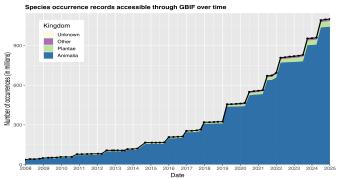
Mammals = Class Mammalia Birds = Class Aves Bony fish = Superclass Osteichthyes p.p. Amphibians = Class Amphibia Insects = Class Insecta Reptiles = Class Testudines, Sphenodontia, Squamata & Crocodylia

Molluscs = Phylum *Mollusca* 

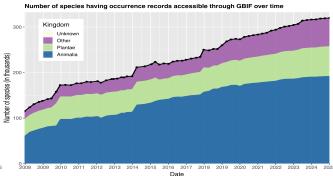
Arachnids = Class *Arachnida*Flowering plants = Phylum *Magnoliophyta*Gymnosperms = Superclass *Gymnospermae* 

Ferns = Phylum *Pteridophyta*Mosses = Phylum *Bryophyta*Sac fungi = Phylum *Ascomycota*Basidiomycota = Phylum *Basidiomycota* 

### Change over time in records about biodiversity in United States of America



Occurrence records available about species occurring in United States of America



Species for which at least one occurrence record is available in United States of America

## WHY MIGHT THE AMOUNT OF MOBILIZED DATA DECREASE?

Datasets are sometimes removed by publishers, but more often decreases in the number of records are due to the removal of duplicate records and datasets.

**SPECIES COUNTS** represent the number of binomial scientific names for which GBIF has received data records, organized as far as possible using synonyms recorded in key databases like the Catalogue of Life



### Most recent datasets from publishers in United States of America

Cornell University Insect Collection (CUIC). *Published by Cornell University Insect Collection (CUIC)* https://doi.org/10.15468/w9b6ap

Happywhale - Cuvier's beaked whale in Southern Ocean. *Published by OBIS-SEAMAP* https://doi.org/10.15468/33m5p3

Happywhale - Walrus in North Pacific Ocean. *Published by OBIS-SEAMAP* https://doi.org/10.15468/ghxwp7

Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia Invertebrate Paleontology Collection. *Published by Academy of Natural Sciences*<a href="https://doi.org/10.15468/2sau34">https://doi.org/10.15468/2sau34</a>

Puget Sound Zooplankton Monitoring Program (Salish Sea, USA), starting in 2014. *Published by United States Geological Survey* https://doi.org/10.15468/e92gvx

University of Hargeisa Biodiversity Museum (Animal Images). *Published by Somaliland Biodiversity Foundation* 

https://doi.org/10.15468/vvuvjp

See all datasets from this country or area: gbif.org/dataset/search?publishing\_country=US

### Newest publishers from United States of America

Somaliland Biodiversity Foundation

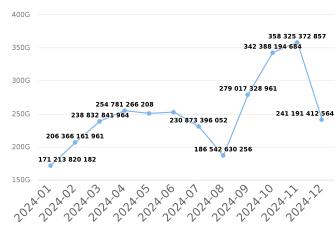
Green Diamond Resource Co. (GDRC)

Science Museum of Minnesota

Brigham Young University Vascular Plant Herbarium

Arizona Western College

# Occurrence records downloaded from GBIF.org, published by institutions in United States of America



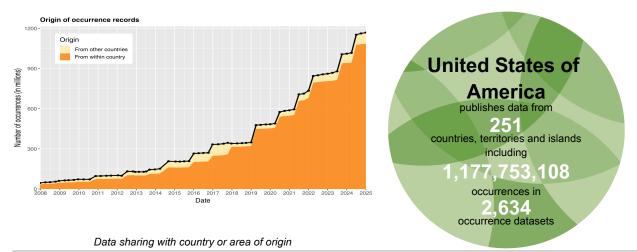
Number of occurrence records downloaded via GBIF.org published by institutions in United States of America

See all publishers from this country or area gbif.org/publisher/search?country=US



#### **Data mobilization**

# Data sharing with country or area of origin by national institutions in United States of America



The chart above shows the number of records shared over time by publishers within United States of America, with separate colours for records about species occurring within undefined and those occurring elsewhere.

# Top data contributors about biodiversity in United States of America

Rank	Country or area	No. of occurrences
1	United States of America	1,086,672,263
2	United Kingdom	7,991,331
3	Canada	1,323,041
4	France	939,537
5	International organization or unknown country	790,550
6	Colombia	443,954
7	Portugal	430,964
8	Estonia	418,549
9	Netherlands	357,322
10	Germany	203,959

Table 1. Ranking of countries or areas contributing data about United States of America

# Top datasets contributing data about United States of America

EOD – eBird Observation Dataset. 933,205,748 occurrences in United States of America. (Last updated 27 Sep 2024)

iNaturalist Research-grade Observations. 44,649,415 occurrences in United States of America. (Last updated 30 Dec 2024)

USGS PWRC - Bird Banding Lab - US State Centroid - 1960-2010. 14,079,367 occurrences in United States of America. (Last updated 12 Mar 2024)

Great Backyard Bird Count. 6,789,249 occurrences in United States of America. (Last updated 6 Mar 2018)

NMNH Extant Specimen Records (USNM, US). 3,321,538 occurrences in United States of America. (Last updated 2 Jan 2025)



### United States of America participates in the following projects coordinated by GBIF

Expanding the network: Bringing marine research stations and library collections into the data-sharing community

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2022–2023

https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2022-009

Strengthening processes for invasive species and biodiversity data mobilization in the Pacific region *BID: Biodiversity Information for Development, 2021–2023* 

https://www.gbif.org/project/BID-PA2020-004-REG

Using invasive species and biodiversity data for decision-making in the Pacific region

BID: Biodiversity Information for Development, 2021–2023

https://www.gbif.org/project/BID-PA2020-003-USE

### Building capacity at SPREP for data mobilization and use

BID: Biodiversity Information for Development, 2021–2023

https://www.gbif.org/project/BID-PA2020-002-INS

## Enhancing capacity to mobilize and use biodiversity data to support sustainable development in West Africa

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2020–2023

The overall goal of this project is to enhance capacity for biodiversity data mobilization and development of information products in support of sustainable development in West Africa

https://www.gbif.org/project/ImAtw3uVGVpjrpiYHAxvD

### From shared experiences to shared knowledge and common solutions: collaborating to improve webbased tools in Latin America and the Caribbean

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2020–2022

Participating nodes aim to incorporate shared best practices, protocols, tools and future road maps for representing the region's biodiversity richness and abundance

https://www.gbif.org/project/4YJIFEvYJi5kfuUVzNcfYH

### Digitization of specimens at the University of the Philippines Los Baños Museum of Natural History BIFA: Biodiversity Information Fund for Asia, 2020–2022

This project aims to digitize specimen data from four different museum research and teaching collections and share data skills through training

https://www.gbif.org/project/2as3Q2nNvRQhMc30JzAQ6e

### Extending tools for improving biodiversity data quality to Spanish-speaking communities

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2017–2018

By translating elements of a key tool for making pre-publications improvements to data quality, VertNet and SiB Colombia will fill an important technical gap for the numerous Spanish-speaking staff across the GBIF community. https://www.gbif.org/project/83348

## Workshop on digital documentation: Linking biodiversity data, publications and images

Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2014–2015

This project will increase the Latin American region's capacity to digitize and publish biodiversity data from scientific literature, images and other multimedia objects.

https://www.gbif.org/project/82236

See all GBIF projects gbif.org/resource/search?contentType=project