

generated January 2025

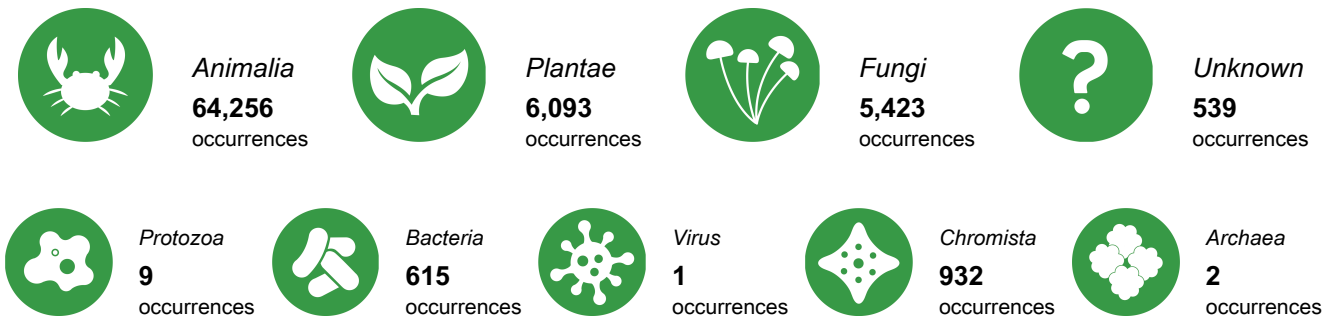
British Virgin Islands

This report provides a series of summary charts, statistics and other details about the mobilization and use of open-access species data through the GBIF network, relating to users and participating institutions in British Virgin Islands. These metrics show status at the time of report generation, unless otherwise noted. Taken together, the elements of this report can help guide and measure progress toward the information needs for biodiversity research, as well as for national commitments on biodiversity and sustainable development.

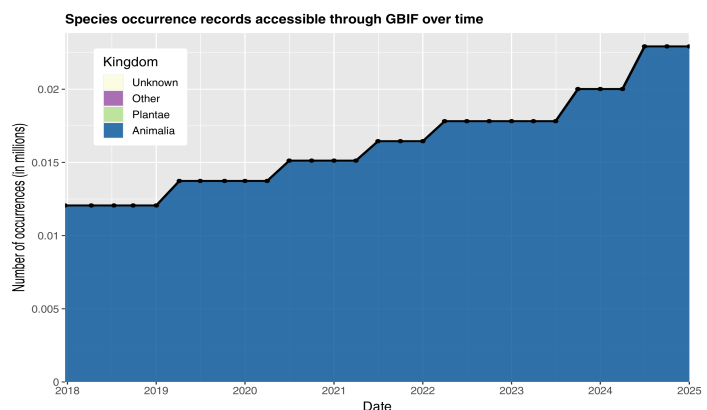
► Access and usage



► Data availability in British Virgin Islands



► Data mobilization

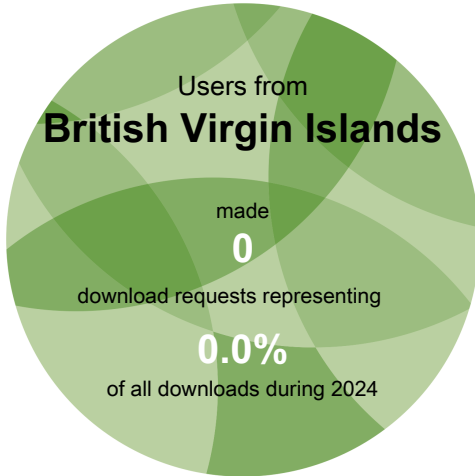


Number of records published by institutions in British Virgin Islands, categorized by kingdom



Access and usage

Data downloads on GBIF.org from users in British Virgin Islands



Monthly downloads requested by users in British Virgin Islands

Data availability

Total data available for selected taxonomic groups in British Virgin Islands



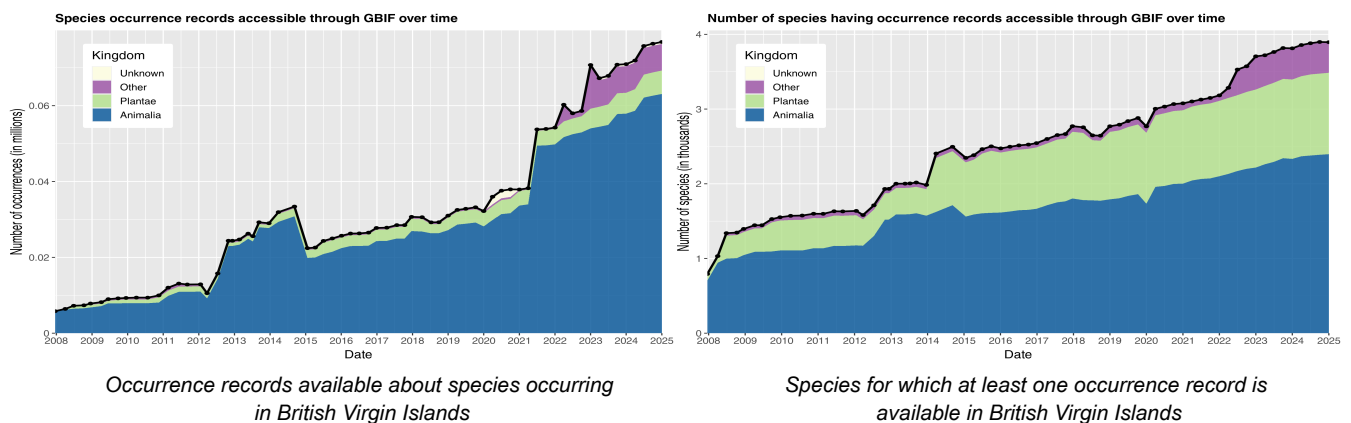
Mammals = Class *Mammalia*
 Birds = Class *Aves*
 Bony fish = Superclass *Osteichthyes* p.p.
 Amphibians = Class *Amphibia*

Insects = Class *Insecta*
 Reptiles = Class *Testudines*, *Sphenodontia*, *Squamata* & *Crocodylia*
 Molluscs = Phylum *Mollusca*

Arachnids = Class *Arachnida*
 Flowering plants = Phylum *Magnoliophyta*
 Gymnosperms = Superclass *Gymnospermae*

Ferns = Phylum *Pteridophyta*
 Mosses = Phylum *Bryophyta*
 Sac fungi = Phylum *Ascomycota*
 Basidiomycota = Phylum *Basidiomycota*

Change over time in records about biodiversity in British Virgin Islands



WHY MIGHT THE AMOUNT OF MOBILIZED DATA DECREASE?

Datasets are sometimes removed by publishers, but more often decreases in the number of records are due to the removal of duplicate records and datasets.

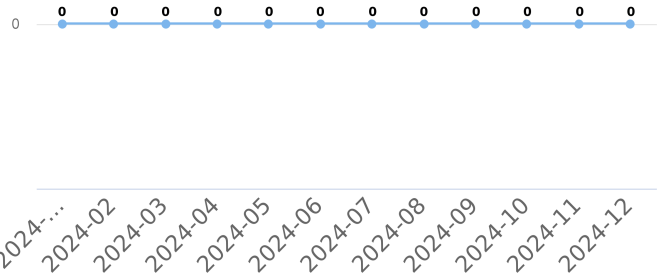
SPECIES COUNTS represent the number of binomial scientific names for which GBIF has received data records, organized as far as possible using synonyms recorded in key databases like the Catalogue of Life



Newest publishers from British Virgin Islands

No data available

Occurrence records downloaded from GBIF.org, published by institutions in British Virgin Islands

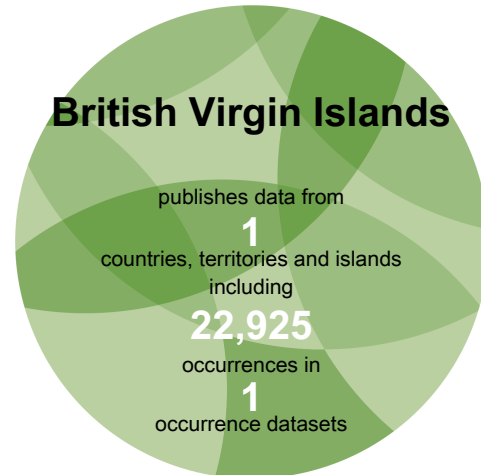
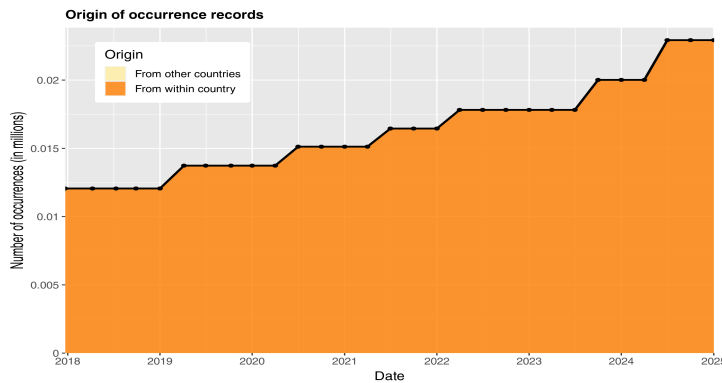


See all publishers from this country or area gbif.org/publisher/search?country=VG

Number of occurrence records downloaded via GBIF.org published by institutions in British Virgin Islands

Data mobilization

Data sharing with country or area of origin by national institutions in British Virgin Islands



Data sharing with country or area of origin

The chart above shows the number of records shared over time by publishers within British Virgin Islands, with separate colours for records about species occurring within undefined and those occurring elsewhere.

Top data contributors about biodiversity in British Virgin Islands

Rank	Country or area	No. of occurrences
1	United States of America	42,790
2	British Virgin Islands	22,925
3	Estonia	8,452
4	United Kingdom	996
5	Venezuela	626
6	International organization or unknown country	462
7	Canada	334
8	France	296
9	Netherlands	261
10	Germany	234

Table 1. Ranking of countries or areas contributing data about British Virgin Islands

Top datasets contributing data about British Virgin Islands

EOD – eBird Observation Dataset. 22,925 occurrences in British Virgin Islands. (Last updated 27 Sep 2024)

University of Liverpool seabird tracking in Anguilla 2012-2015. 13,727 occurrences in British Virgin Islands. (Last updated 24 Apr 2021)

Global soil organisms. 7,078 occurrences in British Virgin Islands. (Last updated 27 Feb 2023)

NMNH Extant Specimen Records (USNM, US). 5,596 occurrences in British Virgin Islands. (Last updated 2 Jan 2025)

iNaturalist Research-grade Observations. 4,800 occurrences in British Virgin Islands. (Last updated 30 Dec 2024)

See all contributing countries and areas or datasets: gbif.org/country/VG/about